



South China Morning Post (1903–2001)

Premier English-language historical newspaper from China

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This premier English-language historical newspaper from China advances research in the following areas, and more:

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- Spread of the bubonic plague and adoption of the Peak Reservation Ordinance.
- Battle of Hong Kong in December, 1941, which led to the Japanese occupation during World War II.
- Reestablishment of the British colonial government after the end of the war.
- Communist Revolution in China in 1949.
- Industrialization and economic growth of Hong Kong.

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INFECTIOUS DISEASES HOSPITAL.

The following information is taken from Dr. W. V. M. Koch's report for 1903:—

Small-pox.—37 cases were admitted and 7 terminated fatally—3 of the fatal cases were of the hæmorrhagic type, and 1 case died of a syphilitic complication.

Cholera.—Only two cases were admitted, both male Europeans. One was a constable from No. 5 Fire Brigade Station.

October 1949: The Communist Party of China (CPC) captured Beijing declaring victory and China was now under the rule of the People's Republic of China.

June 8, 1904: Reports about the bubonic plague.

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