Newspapers are an essential primary source for students and researchers across the curriculum:

- **Explore Perspectives Across the Span of Time**
  Coverage spans more than a century for in-depth insights into how stories and perspectives evolved over the decades. Search and browse cover to cover into local and regional views, events and people.

- **Key source for missing historical information**
  Looking for details omitted from other historical publications? Newspapers are an excellent record of fine points and facts that are overlooked elsewhere.

- **Cover to cover searchable access**
  Beyond feature articles and breaking stories, newspaper editorials, advertisements, cartoons, obituaries and classified ads provide valuable primary source information and contextual understanding.

- **User-friendly platform and search experience**
  Our newspapers are cross-searchable with all other content on the ProQuest platform for a broader scope of research insights across multiformat sources. Additionally, full-text, greyscale and color images easily downloadable in PDF format.

Discover **130+ years** of comprehensive Quebec news coverage

Build Your News Collection with Important Regional Titles

To talk to the sales department, contact us at 1-800-779-0137 or sales@proquest.com.
Newspapers provide multiple perspectives of how stories unfolded – and continue to unfold – over years and decades. They reveal local perspectives on regional, national and international affairs providing insight on how everyday lives are impacted and influenced.

June 1944
Allied troops were able to successfully land on the Normandy Coast and push inland, also known as D-Day, beginning the end of the war.

May 1967
Expo 67 was a World’s Fair held in Montreal which is considered to be the most successful World’s Fair of the 20th Century. It was also Canada’s main celebration during its centennial year. The fifty millionth visitor enters Expo 67, one day before the event’s end.

December 1989
The École Polytechnique massacre, also known as the Montreal massacre, was a mass shooting that occurred at the Université de Montréal. It led to the death of 14 women and 13 being injured. The gunman walked into a classroom in the engineering building and shouted, “You are all feminists,” before opening fire.

June 1993
The Montreal Canadiens take home their 24th Stanley Cup victory. Thousands of fans flooded the streets to celebrate this victory.
Montreal Gazette (1778–2010)

The Montreal Gazette is Montreal's only surviving English-language newspaper, as well as the oldest daily still in print in all of Canada. Originally founded as The Gazette, the paper offers much insight into Canadian history in the late 19th Century as well as important coverage of international, national, provincial, and local events. Coverage includes past events of current historical landmarks such as the Notre-Dame Basilica of Montreal, Saint Joseph's Oratory of Mount Royal, and the Old Port of Montreal. The paper gives insight into the commercial, social, and cultural life of the future city of Montreal via the large number of business and professional cards, the advertisements, and notices of local organizations. The Montreal Gazette is also home to several National Newspaper Award-winning editorial writers including Edgar A. Collard's chronicle of the history of Montreal, Henry Aubin's groundbreaking environmental investigations, and award-winning editorial cartoonist “Aislin” (Terry Mosher).

NOTE: During the inaugural year of this title's publication, (June 3, 1778–June 2, 1779) content is presented in French. After this first year of publication, the publishers were arrested and the title discontinued. In 1785, one of the original publishers started up the paper again (under the title's current name), and the content between August 25, 1785–June 24, 1816 is presented in both French and English. After that point, the content is presented in English only.
AVAILABLE CANADIAN STANDALONE NEWSPAPERS TITLES

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*additional year of coverage added each year

THE NEED FOR NEWS

In an era where local news coverage has been on the decline, historical regional papers can transport students and researchers to another time where smaller newspapers served as the informational hub of the community. Stories about neighborhood personalities, town events, city politics, schools, agriculture, commerce and other local business aren’t available anywhere else.

Additionally, regional newspapers reveal local perspectives on national and international affairs for insight on how everyday lives are impacted and influenced by the issues and events that dominate the headlines of major metropolitan papers.

72% of researchers use news today

A 2017 ProQuest study shows that newspapers are a vital tool in research – they’re used by 72% of researchers and recommended by 80% of researchers who teach.

Which of the following types of information do you use in your research?
Which do you recommend to your students?

Faculty use a rich mix of content in their work and they encourage their students to stretch beyond journals.

Faculty state that developing critical thinking skills in students is extremely important.

From a 2018 survey of more than 1,300 faculty and students on the use of varied content in research, teaching, and learning, faculty indicate why they assign primary sources in teaching.